<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th align="center"><strong>ATTACHMENT 6 – TAB A: INFORMATION SHEET FOR SURVIVORS OF A TRAUMATIC EVENT</strong></th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td align="center"><strong>Surviving A Traumatic Event: What to Expect in Your Personal, Family, Work, and Financial Life</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td align="center"><strong>THINGS TO REMEMBER WHEN TRYING TO UNDERSTAND DISASTER INCIDENTS</strong></td>
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| - No one who sees a disaster is untouched by it.  
- It is normal to feel anxious about you and your family’s safety.  
- Profound sadness, grief, and anger are normal reactions to an abnormal event.  
- Acknowledging our feelings helps us recover.  
- Focusing on our strengths and abilities will help you to heal.  
- Accepting help from community programs and resources is healthy.  
- We each have different needs and different ways of coping.  
- It is common to want to strike back at people who have caused great pain. However, nothing good is accomplished by hateful language or actions. |
| **SIGNS THAT ADULTS NEED STRESS MANAGEMENT ASSISTANCE** |
| - Difficulty communicating thoughts  
- Difficulty sleeping  
- Difficulty maintaining balance  
- Easily frustrated  
- Increased use of drugs/alcohol  
- Limited attention span  
- Poor work performance  
- Headaches/stomach problems  
- Tunnel vision/muffled hearing  
- Colds or flu-like symptoms  
- Disorientation or confusion  
- Difficulty concentrating  
- Reluctance to leave home  
- Depression, sadness  
- Feelings of hopelessness  
- Mood-swings  
- Crying easily  
- Overwhelming guilt and self-doubt  
- Fear of crowds, strangers, or being alone |
| **WAYS TO EASE THE STRESS** |
| - Talk with someone about your feelings whether you feel anger, sorrow, or any other emotions—even though it may be difficult to discuss.  
- Don't hold yourself responsible for the disastrous event or be frustrated because you feel that you cannot help directly in the rescue work.  
- Take steps to promote your own physical and emotional healing by staying active in your daily life patterns or by adjusting them. This healthy outlook will help yourself and your family. (i.e. healthy eating, rest, exercise, relaxation, meditation.)  
- Maintain a normal household and daily routine, but limit any demanding responsibilities of yourself and of your family.  
- Spend time with family and friends.  
- Participate in memorials, rituals, and use of symbols as a way to express feelings.  
- Use existing supports groups of family, friends, and church.  
- Establish a family emergency plan. This can help you feel that there is something you can do which can be very comforting.  

* When to seek help: If self-help strategies are not helping or you find that you are using drugs/alcohol in order to cope, you may wish to seek outside or professional assistance with your stress symptoms.